

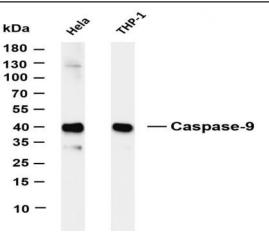
Caspase-9 (PT0299R) PT® Rabbit mAb

Catalog No :	AR1105
Reactivity :	Human;Mouse
Applications :	WB;IF;ELISA
Target :	Caspase-9
Fields :	>>Platinum drug resistance;>>p53 signaling pathway;>>Pl3K-Akt signaling pathway;>>Apoptosis;>>Apoptosis - multiple species;>>VEGF signaling pathway;>>Thyroid hormone signaling pathway;>>Alzheimer disease;>>Parkinson disease;>>Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;>>Huntington disease;>>Prion disease;>>Pathways of neurodegeneration - multiple diseases;>>Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection;>>Legionellosis;>>Toxoplasmosis;>>Tuberculosis;>>Hepatitis C;>>Hepatitis B;>>Measles;>>Human cytomegalovirus infection;>>Influenza A;>>Kaposi sarcoma-associated herpesvirus infection;>>Herpes simplex virus 1 infection;>>Epstein-Barr virus infection;>>Human immunodeficiency virus 1 infection;>>Pathways in cancer;>>Colorectal cancer;>>Pancreatic cancer;>>Endometrial cancer;>>Prostate cancer;>>Small cell lung cancer;>>Non- small cell lung cancer;>>Viral myocarditis;>>Lipid and atherosclerosis
Gene Name :	CASP9
Protein Name :	Caspase9
Human Gene Id :	842
Human Swiss Prot No :	P55211
Rat Gene Id :	58918
Rat Swiss Prot No :	Q9JHK1
Specificity :	endogenous
Formulation :	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05%BSA
Source :	Monoclonal, rabbit, IgG, Kappa

Dilution :	WB 1:1000-1:5000,IF 1:200-1:1000,ELISA 1:5000-1:20000,
Purification :	Protein A
Storage Stability :	-15°C to -25°C/1 year(Do not lower than -25°C)
Molecularweight :	46kD
Observed Band :	40kD
Background :	This gene encodes a member of the cysteine-aspartic acid protease (caspase) family. Sequential activation of caspases plays a central role in the execution-phase of cell apoptosis. Caspases exist as inactive proenzymes which undergo proteolytic processing at conserved aspartic residues to produce two subunits, large and small, that dimerize to form the active enzyme. This protein can undergo autoproteolytic processing and activation by the apoptosome, a protein complex of cytochrome c and the apoptotic peptidase activating factor 1; this step is thought to be one of the earliest in the caspase activation cascade. This protein is thought to play a central role in apoptosis and to be a tumor suppressor. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2013],
Function :	catalytic activity:Strict requirement for an Asp residue at position P1 and with a marked preference for His at position P2. It has a preferred cleavage sequence of Leu-Gly-His-Asp- -Xaa.,function:Involved in the activation cascade of caspases responsible for apoptosis execution. Binding of caspase-9 to Apaf-1 leads to activation of the protease which then cleaves and activates caspase-3. Proteolytically cleaves poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP).,function:Isoform 2 lacks activity is an dominant-negative inhibitor of caspase-9.,online information:Caspase-9 entry,PTM:Cleavages at Asp-315 by granzyme B and at Asp-330 by caspase-3 generate the two active subunits. Caspase-8 and -10 can also be involved in these processing events.,similarity:Belongs to the peptidase C14A family.,similarity:Contains 1 CARD domain.,subunit:Heterotetramer that consists of two anti-parallel arranged heterodimers
Subcellular	Cytoplasm
Location :	
Expression :	Ubiquitous, with highest expression in the heart, moderate expression in liver, skeletal muscle, and pancreas. Low levels in all other tissues. Within the heart, specifically expressed in myocytes.

Products Images





Various whole cell lysates were separated by 4-20% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with anti-Caspase-9 (PT0299R) antibody. The HRP-conjugated Goat anti-Rabbit IgG(H + L) antibody was used to detect the antibody. Lane 1: Hela Lane 2: THP-1 Predicted band size: 46kDa Observed band size: 40kDa